

The development of viewpoints on intelligence in the time of renovation of the communist party of Vietnam

¹Nguyen Dinh Ninh

¹Military Hospital 175, Ministry of National Defense, Vietnam, dinhninh2781@gmail.com

Abstract

With the idea that "genius is the national resource", "Intellectualism is the precious capital of the nation", the Party and the State of Vietnam have always been interested in building and developing a team of intellectuals; Vietnamese intellectuals are a particularly important creative force in the strong process of industrialization, modernization and international integration, building an intellectual economy and a boldly advanced Vietnamese culture national identity momentum; building a team of Vietnamese intellectuals that are growing stronger and of high quality, meeting the requirements of the country's development. Respect and promote freedom in creative research. Employing intellectuals on the basis of properly assessing their quality, capacity and dedication results. Protect intellectual property rights, treat and honor worthy contributions of intellectuals.

Keywords: Party and state of Vietnam, views on intellectuals, building and developing intellectuals, in the time of renovation.

INTRODUCTION

Vietnam is one of the ethnic groups with a tradition of studiousness, intelligence, industriousness and creativity. From the practice throughout the history of the nation, the country and people of Vietnam have always risen to grasp new knowledge, contributing to the development of national life and culture. In the Ho Chi Minh era, the tradition of studiousness, respect for teachers, respect for wisdom, and respect for talents continued to be promoted. Continue to inherit and develop Ho Chi Minh's thought on intellectuals, and at the same time withdraw experience in the practice of revolutionary leadership and derived from the development requirements of society in the innovate, accelerated industrialization and modernization of the country, the opinion of the Communist Party of Vietnam on the issue of human resources knowledge is increasingly clear and profound. That is the view that upholds the role of intellectuals in innovation, industrialization, modernization, international integration, economic and social construction and development, and building a contingent of Vietnamese intellectuals in terms of quality,

capacity, qualifications and dedication; are policies on training, employment and treatment of intellectuals. With the initiative and creativity, especially, the development of the Party's views on the intellectuals has created a favorable environment for the intelligentsia to become an important contributing force to the development of all aspects of the social life.

Research Methods

Purpose: To study and clarify the views of the Vietnamese Party and State on the characteristics and roles of intellectuals; viewpoints, guidelines and policies of the Communist Party and State of Vietnam in building and developing intellectuals in the time of renovation.

Methodology: The paper's approach is based on worldview and methodology of Marxist philosophy. At the same time, the thesis uses a combination of research methods such as: analysis and synthesis, induction and deduction, comparison and statistical methods. The thesis is

approached from the perspective of cultural philosophy and value studies.

Main Findings: The article clarified the views of the Vietnamese Party and State on the development of intellectuals in the innovate period through issues of intellectuals, characteristics of the role of Vietnamese intellectuals, guidelines and policies building and developing a contingent of Vietnamese intellectuals in innovation, industrialization, modernization, international integration.

Literature review

The documents and research works on the development of viewpoints on intelligence in the time of renovation of the communist party of Vietnam can be generalized in the following topics: The first topic is the works, domestic and foreign research documents, presenting general theoretical issues about intellectuals and the role of intellectuals; The works of C. Marx and F. Engels Complete Collection of National Political Publishing House, Hanoi; Understanding Power by Noam Chomsky, Tri Thuc Publishing House, Hanoi, 2012; Than Nhan Trung's "Talent is the national resource" of the Vietnam Historical Science Association, National Politics Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; Ancient Vietnamese intellectuals of Professor Vu Khieu, Thuan Hoa Publishing House, Hue, 2014; Talent promotion of Pham Tat Dong, Dan Tri Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; Three generations of Vietnamese intellectuals (1862 - 1954) of Prof. Trinh Van Thao, World Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; The power of knowledge in political thought by Alvin Toffler edited by Dr. Ong Van Nam, National Politics – Truth, Hanoi, 2013; Analects with modern life of Confucius, Thanh Nien Publishing House, Hanoi, 2012 translated by Duong Minh Hao; Talents are number one resource of Trieu Vinh Hien, Truong Hao Dam, National Politics Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; Some issues on philosophy - people - society of Prof. Dr. Nguyen Trong Chuan, Social Sciences Publishing House, Hanoi, 2002;

The second topic is the research works on the ideology of Ho Chi Minh and the Communist Party of Vietnam on intellectual construction and development, published by the National Academy of Politics and Administration,

National Politics Publishing House, Hanoi, 2012; Intellectualization of Vietnamese workers in the current international economic integration by Dr. Bui Thi Kim Hau, National politics - Truth Publishing House, Hanoi, 2012; Ho Chi Minh's thought on education and its application in higher education today by Dr. Hoang Anh, National politics Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; Talents with the future of the country by Nguyen Dac Hung, National Political Publishing House, Hanoi 2013; Some issues about intellectuals and talents of Assoc. Prof. Dr. Duc Vuong, National Political Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013...

On this topic also there are works: Document of the Party Congress in the period of renovation and integration of the Communist Party of Vietnam, National politics Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013; Ho Chi Minh in the hearts of intellectuals and artists of Dr. Van Thi Thanh Mai, National Political Publishing House, Hanoi, 2010; The story of Uncle Ho with intellectuals by Vu Thi Kim Yen, Hong Bang Publishing House, Hanoi, 2012; The Party's perspective on education and training in the period of renovation and integration of the Communist Party of Vietnam, National Political Publishing House, Hanoi, 2013.

Results and Discussion

The development of intellectual views of the Communist Party of Vietnam in the innovate period.

In the Document of the 6th Congress, the Party's renovation congress, when talking about the intelligentsia, the Resolution wrote: "For intellectuals, the most important thing is to have the freedom for creativity, being properly assessed and provided with conditions to be properly used and developed. We should eliminate narrow-minded views of not seeing today's intelligentsia as socialist workers, who were educated and led by the Party and become increasingly closely associated with workers and farmers" (Communist Party of Vietnam, 2005, vol. 47, p.449). Continuing to develop the above viewpoints and guidelines on intellectuals, since the VII Party Congress, our Party has paid special attention to training, building, developing and promoting the intelligentsia. The document of the VII Party Congress defines: "The goal of education and

training is to raise the people's intellectual level, train human resources, foster talents, and form a team of skilled, knowledgeable workers, who are capable of practice, self-control, dynamism and creativity, having revolutionary morality, patriotism, admiration for socialism" (Communist Party of Vietnam, 1991, p.81) and set requirements to "consider the development of education and training, science and technology as the foundation and driving force of the cause of industrialization and modernization"[3, p.91]. Accordingly, in the Party's view, intellectuals have an increasingly important role in the industrialization and modernization of the country, a necessary and important force to help achieve the goal of shortening industrialization and modernization of the country. In the view of using and promoting the intellectual force, the Party defines "Promote discovery and creativity in research, and at the same time uphold the social responsibility of people doing science and technology work for the nation" (Communist Party of Vietnam, 1996, p.106). Inheriting the above view and from the requirements of the renovation process, the requirements of the development of science and technology in the country and the world over the past years, at the second Central Conference, term VIII, the Party issued Resolution No.NQ/HNTW dated December 24, 1996 on "Strategic orientations for development of education and training and strategies for development of science and technology in the period of industrialization and tasks to the year 2000". In particular, our Party defines specific goals and tasks as, together with education and training, "science and technology is the leading national policy". Continuing to require intellectual development and promotion, the IX Party Congress raised the issue: "Implement the policy of intellectual property protection, special treatment for scientists with excellent research work" ... It can be seen that, throughout the Party's documents, especially when the country enters the renovation, the Party's views on the role and tasks of the intellectual force, the use and training of intellectuals serving the Party's revolutionary cause have become more and more scientific, comprehensive and profound.

In particular, during the term of the X National Congress, our Party had its own resolution on intellectual issues at the 7th Central Conference – Resolution No.27-NQ-TW on building

intelligentsia team during the industrialization and modernization of the country. In particular, our Party has given a fairly comprehensive and profound view on the position and role of the intelligentsia, and at the same time has a specific view on the task of building, training, using and promoting the potential of the intelligentsia. The resolution emphasizes: "Vietnamese intellectuals are a particularly important creative force in the process of accelerating industrialization and modernization of the country and international integration, in building a developed knowledge-based economy and an advanced Vietnamese culture imbued with national identity. Building a strong intellectual team is directly raising the intellectual level of the nation, the strength of the country, improving the Party's leadership capacity and the operational quality of the political system. "Investing in building a team of intellectuals is an investment for sustainable development" (Communist Party of Vietnam, 2008, p.91). Thus, it can be said that the Resolution of the 7th Conference of the Central Committee is an important step forward in the Party's awareness of intellectuals. The content of the Resolution shows that the Party's awareness of intellectuals has made great progress, demonstrating its objectivity and comprehensiveness. In it, issues such as the definition of intellectuals, the role of intellectuals in society and with the Party's revolutionary cause, the characteristics of intellectuals, the relationships of intellectuals with other social forces, the views on training, use and promotion of the role of intellectual forces is basically resolved.

Basic contents of the viewpoints on intellectuals in Resolution No. 27-NQ/TW on building a contingent of intellectuals in the period of accelerating industrialization and modernization of the country.

First of all, regarding the concept of intellectuals, the Resolution of the 7th Conference of the Central Committee mentioned the most basic characteristics and criteria of current Vietnamese intellectuals through the concept of intellectuals as "mental workers", who have a high level of education in a certain professional field, having the ability to think independently, create, spread and enrich knowledge, creating spiritual and material products of value to the society". Knowledge is a vast issue, not only associated with the

country's history but also associated with all aspects of social life. The above concept shows a comprehensive view, consistent with the current level of the country as well as the region and the world. The resolution focuses on a number of main contents: affirming the Party's position on intellectual issues, identifying some basic characteristics as a basis for proposing goals, views, tasks and solutions to build intellectual team. In terms of composition, the determination of the intellectual force includes those who have important implications for the organization and leadership of the intellectual force. Throughout the Party's ideology, the intelligentsia includes those who operate in the fields of science and technology, intellectual labor based on a high level of education, with deep expertise, from all walks of life, social classes and operating in all fields and professions. In the Second Party Congress, this view has been consistently raised, in which intellectuals are natural and social scientists, academicians, professors, associate professors, doctorates, masters, bachelors, engineers, architects, technicians, teachers, physicians, lawyers, artists, painters, musicians, sculptors, linguists, mathematicians, chemists, physicists, writers, poets, designers, a large number of civil servants, public officials, inventors, composers, creators... The Seventh Conference of the Central Committee continued to affirm that intellectuals are "mental workers"..." is the step to inherit the ideology of intellectuals in the history of the Party. This is a view suitable to the level and stage of development of Vietnam today, convenient for gathering, organizing and promoting the strength of qualified people in society. At the same time, as a characteristic of socialist intellectuals, according to V.I.Lenin, "I use the word intellectual, intelligentsia, to translate the German nouns *Literat*, *Literatentum*, which are nouns whose meanings include not only the author alone, but also includes all educated people, representatives of intellectual work..." (Lenin, 2005, vol.8, p.372). In terms of characteristics, the Vietnamese intellectual force in the Party's concept, although there are differences in qualifications, occupational structure, quantity and quality, but in any situation, they are all representative forces for the intelligence of the people and nation, for the complex and creative labor level and is one of the most important driving forces promoting the development and prosperity of the country. Regarding their role, right at the

beginning of the Resolution clearly stated the position and role of intellectuals with the development of the country, that is: "The goal is to soon bring our country out of underdevelopment, the basic to become a modern industrialized country by 2020 requires choosing a path to shorten and maximize all resources and intellectual potential of the nation, especially the creative capacity of the national intellectual team" (Lenin, 2005, vol.8, p.81). Practice has shown that, in every era, the intellectual team is the core force in the creation and dissemination of knowledge. In today's modern society, the intellectual force has become an especially important resource in the development strategy, creating the strength of each nation. For Vietnam, promoting the role of intellectuals is an important factor determining the success of the country's renovation cause. Since then, the Resolution clearly identifies three guiding viewpoints. Firstly, Vietnamese intellectuals are a particularly important creative workforce in the process of accelerating industrialization and modernization of the country and international integration, building a knowledge-based economy, and developing an advanced Vietnamese culture imbued with national identity. Building a strong intellectual team is directly raising the intellectual level of the nation, the strength of the country, improving the Party's leadership capacity and the operational quality of the political system. Investing in building a team of intellectuals is an investment in sustainable development. Second, building a team of intellectuals is a common responsibility of the whole society, of the whole political system, in which the responsibility of the Party and State plays a decisive role. Intellectuals have honor and duty before the Fatherland and the nation, constantly strive to improve their political, ethical and professional qualities, making the most contributions to the development of the country and the defense of the Fatherland. Third, practice democracy, respect and promote freedom of thought in intellectuals' research and creation activities for the sake of a rich population, a strong country, an equitable, democratic and civilized society. Creating an environment and favorable conditions for professional activities of intellectuals. Applying intellectual force on the basis of properly assessing the quality, capacity and results of dedication and a special policy towards the country's talents.

In addition, the Resolution frankly acknowledged a number of limitations and weaknesses of the intelligentsia and the limitations and shortcomings of the Party and State's in building the intellectual team, mainly due to subjective reasons such as the weakness of some Party committees and authorities; the lack of synchronization of the legal corridor; prejudices... are great obstacles to the development of intellectuals and limit their role in social development and progress.

The development of the Party's theoretical thinking on intellectual issues has a dialectical relationship with the nation's revolutionary process. Since the Seventh Conference of the Party Central Committee (term X), issues related to development priorities, protection and creation of an environment and favorable conditions for the force to develop and dedicate talents have become increasingly open. There are more and more intellectuals with great scientific works, which play a particularly important role in the development of all aspects of social life. The Resolution of the Seventh Central Committee shows the wisdom and timeliness of the Party's leadership in response to the requirements of reality, is increasingly penetrating into social life and is confirmed by revolutionary practice as a breakthrough important role in the current system of guidelines and policies of the Party. Summarizing 35 years of national renovation and 5 years of implementing the Platform for national construction in the transitional period to socialism (supplemented and developed in 2011) and the 2011 socio-economic development strategy- In 2020, the importance of intellectual issues for the development of the country continues to be affirmed by the 12th Congress: "Building a growing and high-quality intellectual pool to meet development requirements of the country, respecting and promoting freedom of thought in research and creative activities, appreciating intellectuals on the basis of properly assessing their quality, capacity and dedication results, protecting intellectual property rights, treating and honoring the contributions of intellectuals, having special mechanisms and policies to attract national talents, appreciating the role of scientific research agencies in consulting, criticizing and assessing the society in planning the Party's guidelines and policies, the State's policies and laws, and economic development

projects., culture, society" (Communist Party of Vietnam, 2016, p. 161-162).

The development of the knowledge-based economy today is moving our economy from resource- and labor-based economies to one based on intelligence, where people are increasingly becoming the most important factor. Currently, Vietnam is one of the countries that is still in the process of transitioning from an agricultural economy, which is mainly based on labor and raw resources, to a developed industrial economy. Although the country has come out of underdeveloped status, the country's economic, social and cultural development, following the socialist orientation, is increasingly demanding to use and promote the intelligence of intellectuals. If our Party and State have reasonable and scientific policies, we will make good use of the potential of the intelligentsia, and soon achieve the goal of a rich population, a strong country, and a democratic, just and civilized society. With innovative thinking, looking directly at the truth, stating clearly and telling the truth, from the Party's point of view, policy lines and assessment at the Seventh Conference of the Party Central Committee (X term) theoretically for intellectuals together with assessments of achievements, limitations, weaknesses, subjective and objective causes leading to such limited achievements in the Party's intellectual work, and solutions to build and develop them. The intellectual force promulgated by Central Resolution 7 is an important step forward in theory and practice in solving intellectual problems. The above theoretical and practical issues on intellectual forces in the Seventh Central Resolution are truly a premise and important orientation for the 11th National Congress of Deputies to continue to affirm: attaching great importance to developing a team of good leaders, managers, experts, good corporate governance, skilled workers and leading scientific and technological staff, training human resources to meet diverse and multi-layered requirements of technology and development level of fields and professions". That is also clearly reflected in the program as well as in the Document of the 12th National Congress of Deputies, that: "Our State is a socialist rule of law state of the people, by the people and for the people. All State power belongs to the people, whose foundation is the alliance between the working class, the

peasantry and the intelligentsia, led by the Communist Party of Vietnam” (Communist Party of Vietnam, 2011, p.85); “Fundamentally and comprehensively renovating education and training, improving the quality of human resources; promoting development and application of science - technology; promoting the leading role of the national policy of education - training and science - technology for the cause of innovation and national development”.

Conclusion

It can be said that, from the point of view on the tasks and solutions in the Party's leadership on intellectuals at the Seventh conference of the Central Committee and its successor documents, up to now, the Party and State have realized many solutions specifically on the basis of deep capture thoughts, feelings, emotions and aspirations of intellectuals to exploit their strengths, gradually putting intellectuals in the right position and forte so that they can maximize their capacity and make the greatest contributions. The Party and State have implemented democracy more widely and sincerely towards intellectuals, looking at intellectuals with tolerant eyes, without prejudice and narrow-mindedness, be willing to listen and carefully consider critical opinions of intellectuals. The Party's policies have been concretized by the State through the current legal system, reflected in many laws such as the Labor Code; Intellectual property law; Law on Science and Technology; Law on Education; Law on Press; Publication Law; Ordinance on Cadres and Civil servants; Civil Service Law.... Thereby, issues related to development priorities, protection and creation of an environment and favorable conditions for the intellectual force to develop and dedicate talents have become increasingly open. There are more and more intellectuals with great scientific works, which play a particularly important role in the development of all aspects of social life. The Resolution of the Seventh Conference of the Central Committee is increasingly entering into social life and is confirmed by revolutionary practice as an important breakthrough in the Party's system of guidelines and policies during the innovate period.

Humans as a social subject and at the same time are the subject of a special kind of resource, which is creative capacity. This is a potential resource, capable of creating a high amount of real value if fully exploited, it strongly depends on training, education and encouragement of the society. This resource needs to be exploited and used most effectively to serve the national interest. Developing a team of intellectuals is a fundamental and decisive measure that directly aims to increase exploitation and improve the efficiency of national labor use. At the same time, building a team of Vietnamese intellectuals in the new era with a correct and wise view on the use of people and knowledge will make an important contribution to building an intelligent, intellectual country with wisdom. This is a normative issue for all countries and is especially important for countries at a relatively low level of development like Vietnam. Understanding and successfully implementing the Resolution of the Seventh Conference, it is necessary to continue to consider building and developing a contingent of intellectuals as both a breakthrough solution and an important goal of policies and strategies, programs and plans for the socio-economic development of Vietnam in the innovate period.

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