# Level Of Aspiration Among Degree College Students In Vishakhapatnam District

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# Abstract

Youths are the pillars of future India. India is a country where tribal population is large. They have innumerable problems starting from access to all essential commodities and good conditions of living. Don Bosco's Institutions are doing many services to these tribal people.

The present investigator being a father working in the Don Bosco's Institutions though of exploring the Don Bosco's educational Philosophy and its institutions for uplifting the living conditions of tribal people. Hence, it has become the natural quest of the investigator to explore the level of aspiration among degree college students in Vishakapatnam district. The objectives of the study are : 1. To find out the level of aspiration among degree college students is average. 2. To find out the significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender. 3. To find out the significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education. The investigator has used Modified version of Level of Aspiration Inventory developed by Dr.Mahesh Bhargava and Dr.M.A.Shah to find out level of aspiration among degree college students. In this study stratified random sampling technique was used to select 474 tribal youth studying in degree colleges from five revenue mandals namely Chintapalli, Koyyuru, Paderu, Golgonda and Narsipatnam of Vishakapatnam district. the findings of the study are: 1. The study has revealed that the degree college students in terms of Gender. 3. The study has revealed that the degree college students in terms of Gender. Gender does not play any role in level of aspiration among degree college students. 3. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students. In their level of aspiration among degree college students. The study has revealed that the degree college students in terms of Gender. Gender does not play any role in level of aspiration among degree college students. 3. There is no significant difference in level of father's education. Irrespective of father's education status all are uniform in their level of aspiration.

Key words: Level of Aspiration, Vishakapatnam District. Degree College students.

# **Need For The Study**

Youths are the pillars of future India. India is a country where tribal population is large. They have innumerable problems starting from access to all essential commodities and good conditions of living. Don Bosco's Institutions are doing many services to these tribal people.

The present investigator being a father working in the Don Bosco's Institutions though of exploring the Don Bosco's educational Philosophy and its institutions for uplifting the living conditions of tribal people. Hence, it has become the natural quest of the investigator to explore the level of aspiration among degree college students in Vishakapatnam district.

# **Objectives Of The Study**

The study has formulated the following objectives:

1. To find out the level of aspiration among degree college students is average.

- 2. To find out the significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender.
- 3. To find out the significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education

# Hypotheses Formulated For The Study

The hypotheses have been stated in null form:

- 1. The level of aspiration among degree college students is average.
- 2. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender.
- 3. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education

# Instrumentation

The investigator has used Modified version of Level of Aspiration Inventory developed by Dr.Mahesh Bhargava and Dr.M.A.Shah.

#### Establishment Reliability Of The Tool: Test And Retest Method:

There were 40 items with difficulty level and discrimination index. They were selected for the final form of the test to find out level of aspiration among high school students.

# Validity Of The Tool

The investigator in order to find out the validity of the tool consulted professors from Bharathidasan University and University of Madras. The experts checked the item difficulty and discrimination index of each item. The experts also checked the correctness of each item. Thus face and content validity of the tool was established.

#### **Reliability Of The Tool**

The investigator adopted test retest method to find out reliability for the tool. The level of aspiration test was administered to a sample set of 50 tribal youth studying in degree colleges in Eastern Ghats. The test was administered to the same set of 50 tribal youth studying in degree colleges after a gap of 30 days. Both responses were scored. The correlation coefficient was computed. The correlation coefficient value found out was 0.96. Hence, the tool is said to be having validity.

#### Scoring:

The scoring for the correct item is 1. The scoring for the incorrect item is 0. There were 40 items in the test. The total score will be 40. The theoretical mean for the test is 20.

#### Sample Design

In this study *stratified random sampling technique* was used to select 474 tribal youth studying in degree colleges from five revenue mandals namely Chintapalli, Koyyuru, Paderu, Golgonda and Narsipatnam of Vishakapatnam district.

## Hypothesis I

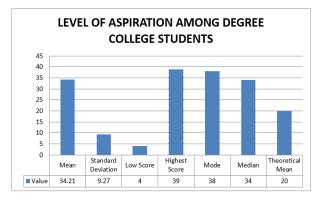
The level of aspiration among degree college students is average.

**Table 1.** Descriptive analysis for the level of aspiration among degree college students.

S.No	Description	Value		
1.	Mean	34.21		
2.	Standard Deviation	9.27		
3.	Low Score	4		
4.	Highest Score	39		
5.	Mode	38		
6.	Median	34		
7.	Theoretical Mean	20		

It is evident from Table 1 that the mean, median and mode value of groups are 34.21, 34 and 38 respectively for the level of aspiration among degree college students. The highest score is 39 and the lowest score is 4. The mean value obtained is 34.21 with standard deviation of 9.27. It is well above the theoretical mean of 20. It is proved from the above table that the degree college students are having level of aspiration high above the average.

**Figure 1:** Bar Diagram Showing The Descriptive Analysis For The Level Of Aspiration Among Degree College Students



#### Hypothesis: 2

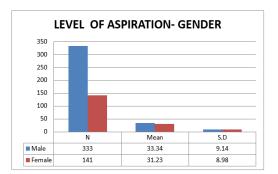
There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender.

 Table 2: mean, s.d. and 't' value for level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of gender

Gender	N	Mean	S.D	ʻť'	Critical Value	Level of Significance
Male	333	33.34	9.14	0.97	1.960 for <u>df</u> of	
Female	141	31.23	8.98	0.97	472 at 0.05 level	Significant

It is evident from Table 2 that the obtained t' value is 0.97. It is lesser than the critical value of 1.960 for df of 472 at 0.05 level. It is not significant. Hence the hypothesis stated is accepted. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender. It is concluded from the above that there is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender. It is not significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender.

**Figure 2:** Bar Diagram Showing The Significant Difference In Level Of Aspiration Among Degree College Students In Terms Of Gender.



#### **HYPOTHESIS: 3**

There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education

**Table: 3.** Analysis Of Variance For SignificantDifference In Level Of Aspiration Among DegreeCollege Students In Terms Of Father's Education

S.No	Sources variation	of	SS	df	MS	Calculated 'F' value	Level of significance
1	Between Groups		71.98	2	36.76		N.S
	Within Groups		23981.23	471	67.53	0.987	
Total			24953.21	473			

S-Significant NS-No Significant

It is evident from table 4.3 that the obtained F value is 0.987. It is lesser than the critical value of 3.00for df of (2/471) at 0.05 level of significance. There exists no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education. Hence, the null hypothesis stated as there is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education is accepted.

It may be concluded from the above table that there is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education.

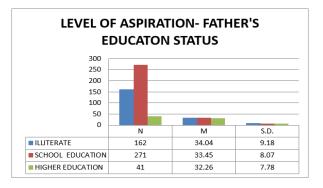
**Table: 4:** N, Mean And S.D For The Level OfAspiration Among Degree College Students InTerms Of Various Sub Groups Of The VariableFather's Education

FATHER'S EDUCATION	Ν	М	S.D.
ILLITERATE	162	34.04	9.18
SCHOOL EDUCATION	271	33.45	8.07
HIGHER EDUCATION	41	32.26	7.78

It is evident from table 4 that the obtained mean values for level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of various subgroups of the variable father's education namely illiterate, school education and higher education are 34.04, 33.45 and 32.26 respectively.

As it is evident from the above values, the degree college students having father's education as illiterate are having high level of aspiration followed by students having father's education as school education and father's education as higher education in an orderly scale.

**Figure 3:** Bar Diagram Showing The N, Mean And S.D. Values For Level Of Aspiration Among Degree College Students In Terms Of Father's Education



### **Findings Of The Study**

- 1. The degree college students are having level of aspiration high above the average.
- 2. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender. Gender does not play any role in level of aspiration among degree college students.
- 3. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education. Irrespective of father's education status all are uniform in their level of aspiration.

#### **Educational Implications Of The Study**

The study has revealed that the degree college students are having high level of aspiration There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of Gender. Gender does not play any role in level of aspiration among degree college students. There is no significant difference in level of aspiration among degree college students in terms of father's education. Irrespective of father's education status all are uniform in their level of aspiration.

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